

Tree Diagrams

Independents events: replacement. When one-step does not affect the other.

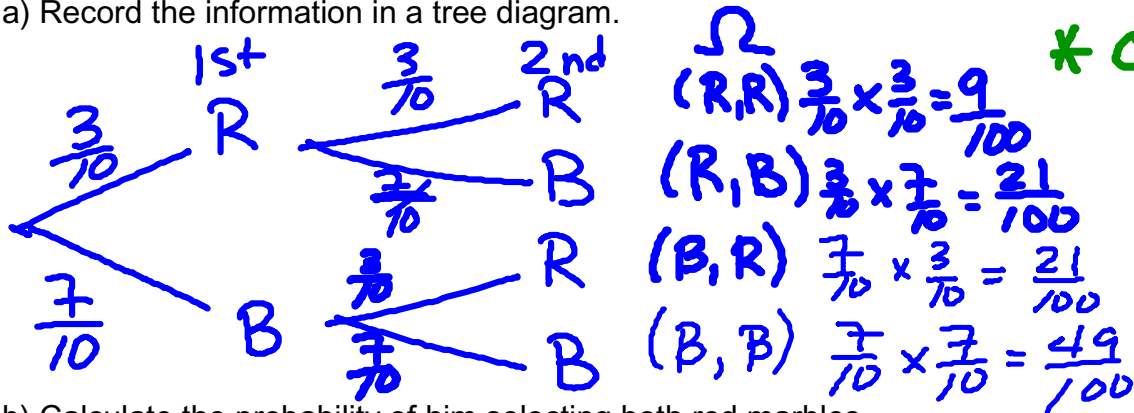
INDEPENDENT EVENTS:

3

Daniel has ten coloured marbles in a bag. Three of the marbles are red and 7 are blue. He removes a marble at random from the bag and notes the colour before replacing it. He then chooses a second marble at random.

Total $3+7=10$

a) Record the information in a tree diagram.



b) Calculate the probability of him selecting both red marbles

$$P(R,R) = \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{9}{100}$$

c) Calculate the probability of him selecting a red marble followed by a blue marble.

$$P(R,B) = \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{7}{10} = \frac{21}{100}$$

d) Calculate the probability of him selecting different colour marbles.

* off the tree add *

$$P(\text{different colours}) = \frac{21}{100} + \frac{21}{100} = \frac{42}{100} = \frac{21}{50}$$

\uparrow \uparrow
 $P(R,B)$ $P(B,R)$

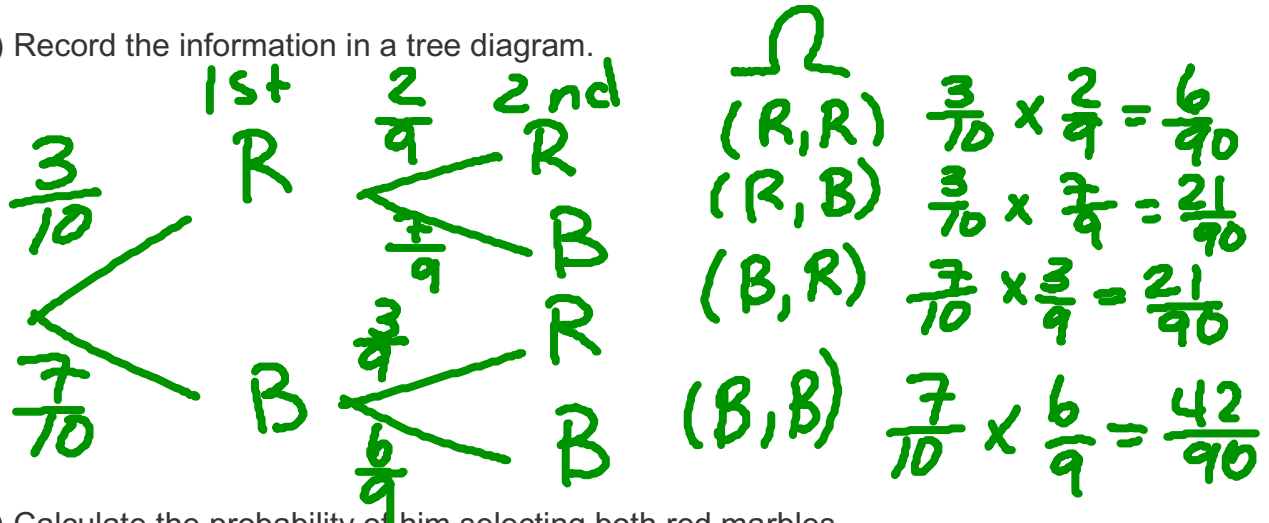
Dependent events: occurs when the first step affects the other steps. No replacement.

DEPENDENT EVENTS:

3

Dante has ten coloured marbles in a bag. Three of the marbles are red and 7 are blue. He removes a marble at random from the bag, notes the colour and DOES NOT replace it. He then chooses a second marble at random.

a) Record the information in a tree diagram.



b) Calculate the probability of him selecting both red marbles

$$P(R, R) = \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{9} = \frac{6}{90} = \frac{1}{15}$$

c) Calculate the probability of him selecting a red marble followed by a blue marble.

$$P(R, B) = \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{21}{90} = \frac{7}{30}$$

d) Calculate the probability of him selecting different colour marbles.

$$P(\text{different colour}) = \frac{21}{90} + \frac{21}{90} = \frac{42}{90} = \frac{7}{15}$$

\nearrow \nearrow
 $P(R, B)$ $P(B, R)$